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for the purpose of refill dispensing is permissible between pharmacies on a one time basis only. However, pharmacies electronically sharing a real-time, on-line database may transfer up to the maximum refills permitted by law and the prescriber's authorization. Transfers are subject to the following requirements:

- (1) The transfer is communicated directly between two licensed pharmacists and the transferring pharmacist records the following information:
- (i) Write the word "VOID" on the face of the invalidated prescription.
- (ii) Record on the reverse of the invalidated prescription the name, address and DEA registration number of the pharmacy to which it was transferred and the name of the pharmacist receiving the prescription information.
- (iii) Record the date of the transfer and the name of the pharmacist transferring the information.
- (b) The pharmacist receiving the transferred prescription information shall reduce to writing the following:
- (1) Write the word "transfer" on the face of the transferred prescription.
- (2) Provide all information required to be on a prescription pursuant to 21 CFR 1306.05 and include:
- (i) Date of issuance of original prescription;
- (ii) Original number of refills authorized on original prescription;
 - (iii) Date of original dispensing;
- (iv) Number of valid refills remaining and date(s) and locations of previous refill(s):
- (v) Pharmacy's name, address, DEA registration number and prescription number from which the prescription information was transferred:
- (vi) Name of pharmacist who transferred the prescription.
- (vii) Pharmacy's name, address, DEA registration number and prescription number from which the prescription was originally filled;
- (3) The original and transferred prescription(s) must be maintained for a period of two years from the date of last refill.
- (c) Pharmacies electronically accessing the same prescription record must satisfy all information requirements of

- a manual mode for prescription transferral.
- (d) The procedure allowing the transfer of prescription information for refill purposes is permissible only if allowable under existing state or other applicable law.

[46 FR 48919, Oct. 5, 1981. Redesignated and amended at 62 FR 13966, Mar. 24, 1997]

§ 1306.26 Dispensing without prescription.

- A controlled substance listed in Schedules II, III, IV, or V which is not a prescription drug as determined under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, may be dispensed by a pharmacist without a prescription to a purchaser at retail, provided that:
- (a) Such dispensing is made only by a pharmacist (as defined in part 1300 of this chapter), and not by a nonpharmacist employee even if under the supervision of a pharmacist (although after the pharmacist has fulfilled his professional and legal responsibilities set forth in this section, the actual cash, credit transaction, or delivery, may be completed by a nonpharmacist);
- (b) Not more than 240 cc. (8 ounces) of any such controlled substance containing opium, nor more than 120 cc. (4 ounces) of any other such controlled substance nor more than 48 dosage units of any such controlled substance containing opium, nor more than 24 dosage units of any other such controlled substance may be dispensed at retail to the same purchaser in any given 48-hour period;
- (c) The purchaser is at least 18 years of age;
- (d) The pharmacist requires every purchaser of a controlled substance under this section not known to him to furnish suitable identification (including proof of age where appropriate);
- (e) A bound record book for dispensing of controlled substances under this section is maintained by the pharmacist, which book shall contain the name and address of the purchaser, the name and quantity of controlled substance purchased, the date of each purchase, and the name or initials of the pharmacist who dispensed the substance to the purchaser (the book shall be maintained in accordance with the

recordkeeping requirement of §1304.04 of this chapter); and

- (f) A prescription is not required for distribution or dispensing of the substance pursuant to any other Federal, State or local law.
- (g) Central fill pharmacies may not dispense controlled substances to a purchaser at retail pursuant to this section.

[36 FR 7799, Apr. 24, 1971, as amended at 36 FR 18733, Sept. 21, 1971. Redesignated at 38 FR 26609, Sept. 24, 1973, and further redesigated and amended at 62 FR 13966, Mar. 24, 1997; 68 FR 37411, June 24, 2003]

§ 1306.27 Provision of prescription information between retail pharmacies and central fill pharmacies for initial and refill prescriptions of Schedule III, IV, or V controlled substances.

Prescription information may be provided to an authorized central fill pharmacy by a retail pharmacy for dispensing purposes. The following requirements shall also apply:

- (a) Prescriptions for controlled substances listed in Schedule III, IV or V may be transmitted electronically from a retail pharmacy to a central fill pharmacy including via facsimile. The retail pharmacy transmitting the prescription information must:
- (1) Write the word "CENTRAL FILL" on the face of the original prescription and record the name, address, and DEA registration number of the central fill pharmacy to which the prescription has been transmitted and the name of the retail pharmacy pharmacist transmitting the prescription, and the date of transmittal;
- (2) Ensure that all information required to be on a prescription pursuant to §1306.05 of this part is transmitted to the central fill pharmacy (either on the face of the prescription or in the electronic transmission of information);
- (3) Indicate in the information transmitted the number of refills already dispensed and the number of refills remaining;
- (4) Maintain the original prescription for a period of two years from the date the prescription was last refilled;
- (5) Keep a record of receipt of the filled prescription, including the date of receipt, the method of delivery (pri-

vate, common or contract carrier) and the name of the retail pharmacy employee accepting delivery.

- (b) The central fill pharmacy receiving the transmitted prescription must:
- (1) Keep a copy of the prescription (if sent via facsimile) or an electronic record of all the information transmitted by the retail pharmacy, including the name, address, and DEA registration number of the retail pharmacy transmitting the prescription;
- (2) Keep a record of the date of receipt of the transmitted prescription, the name of the licensed pharmacist filling the prescription, and dates of filling or refilling of the prescription;
- (3) Keep a record of the date the filled prescription was delivered to the retail pharmacy and the method of delivery (i.e. private, common or contract carrier)

[68 FR 37411, June 24, 2003]

PART 1307—MISCELLANEOUS

GENERAL INFORMATION

Sec.

1307.01 Definitions.

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SPECIAL EXCEPTIONS FOR MANUFACTURE AND DISTRIBUTION OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES

1307.11 Distribution by dispenser to another practitioner or reverse distributor.

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DISPOSAL OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES

1307.21 Procedure for disposing of controlled substances.

1307.22 Disposal of controlled substances by the Administration.

SPECIAL EXEMPT PERSONS

1307.31 Native American Church.

AUTHORITY: 21 U.S.C. 821, 822(d), 871(b), unless otherwise noted.

SOURCE: 36 FR 7801, Apr. 24, 1971, unless otherwise noted. Redesignated at 38 FR 26609, Sept. 24, 1973.